

Pelvic floor muscle exercises for **women** Information and advice

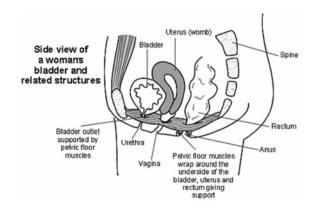
service rocal dependatore ner peggalarry care coolice and behave respect ether quality understanding dedication hope enthusiastic specialist compassion safe health

What are the pelvic floor muscles and what do they do?

The pelvic floor forms a sling of muscles, which are attached to the pubic bone at the front of the pelvis and the tail bone (coccyx), at the back. They have three openings, one at the front from the bladder (urethra), one in the middle from the birth canal (vagina) and one at the back from the bowel (rectum).

The pelvic floor muscles have two types of muscle fibres in them:

- Slow twitch muscle fibres, which have constant tone in them (even while you are asleep). They support your pelvic organs up inside you and work to keep water (urine) inside your bladder until you find a suitable place to pass it.
- Fast twitch muscle fibres, which contract strongly and quickly to prevent leakage of urine when there is extra pressure on the bladder e.g. when you cough, sneeze, laugh or lift something heavy.



Pelvic floor muscle exercises

1. Sit on a firm chair or stool with your knees slightly apart in good posture.

Tighten the ring of muscle around your back passage (anus) as though preventing a bowel movement or wind escape

Lift the muscles up inside

Hold, then...relax slowly

Healthcare from the **heart** of vour **community**

2. In the same position, imagine you have to stop yourself passing urine.

Tighten the muscles around your front passages

Lift the muscles up inside

Hold, then....relax slowly

(**Do not** attempt this whilst passing water as it increases the risk of infections)

Now you are ready to try the basic pelvic floor exercises.
In the same position,
Tighten the muscles around your back passage and front passages Lift the muscles up inside Hold, thenrelax slowly
Repeat several times remembering to keep your tummy, buttocks and thigh muscles relaxed and don't forget to keep breathing throughout the exercise.
The exercise programme
1. First determine your 'starting block'.
Tighten your pelvic floor muscles as described in the basic pelvic floor exercises
Hold for as many seconds as you can (up to a maximum of 10 seconds) but remember not to hold your breath
Relax the contraction and rest for four seconds
Repeat the tightening, hold and relax as many times as you can (up to a maximum of 10).
How long could you hold the contraction for? seconds
How many times could you repeat the contraction?
So, your 'starting block' becomes
e.g. 2 seconds 4 repetitions
Repeat your 'starting block' between three to six times a day. As a result of this muscle training, your pelvic floor will get stronger and your 'starting block' will change.
2. It is important that the muscles are able to react quickly when, for example you cough or sneeze.
How many quick contractions can you do? repetitions Aim to increase this number up to a maximum of 10
So, your 'starting block' becomes
e.g. 2 seconds 4 repetitions
Repeat your 'starting block' between three to six times a day. As a result of this muscle training your pelvic floor will get stronger and your 'starting block' will change.
The pelvic floor muscles work with your lower abdominal muscles. Therefore as you draw up

your pelvic floor muscles, you should feel your lower abdomen draw in slightly.

Legal Notice

Please remember that this information is intended as general information only. We aim to make the information as up to date as possible, but please be warned that it is always subject to change. Please therefore always check specific advice or any concerns you may have with your doctor. Berkshire Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust is committed to the eight principles of the Data Protection Act 1998. We have implemented technology and security policies, rules and measures to protect the personal data that we have under our control from: unauthorised access, improper use, alteration, unlawful or accidental destruction. For further information please contact the Data Protection Officer, Fitzwilliam House, Skimped Hill Lane, Bracknell, RG12



ocal dependable help equality care choice independence respect community trust together are respected and artificial representable to the personal desiration of the properties of the propert